2024-2025 SPIRIT TECHNICAL JUDGE TRAINING

Introduction

The purpose of having certified technical judges at spirit competitions is to:

- 1) Promote safety
- 2) Encourage coaches to learn and follow NFHS and IHSAA rules
- 3) Ensure an equitable competitive environment.

As an Idaho technical judge, you will be an important part of a process that develops performance skills, personal responsibility and fair play. In this training, you'll review NFHS and IHSAA rules and learn responsibilities and judging mechanics, discuss problem areas and practice judging.

Thank you for participating in this important part of the educational experience of our student-athletes.

Lisa Hahle State Spirit Rules Interpreter

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Expectations and Responsibilities

Know and Apply the Rules Correctly

A thorough knowledge of both the NFHS safety rules and applicable state competition rules is critical. But it is just as important to develop skill in judging "real time" routines. It is devastating for a team to be penalized for something that is legal. It is also a disservice to <u>not</u> penalize something that is illegal. *Practice as often as you can on your own.* Watch performances and practice-judge at every opportunity, collaborate frequently with other judges, and watch videos and televised competitions.

Professionalism

Dress Appropriately Clothing and shoes should be professional and comfortable. Technical judges are generally at floor level so clothing should not stand out. Dark colors are preferred.

Arrive on Time Arrive at the competition in time to attend judge meetings and perform all precompetition duties. If an arrival time is not specified, 45 minutes ahead is a good target.

Bring Supplies Make sure your NFHS spirit rules book and Idaho competition rules are readily available at all times. Bring a stopwatch, extra pencils, penalty summary sheets, and an extra **current** tech score sheet. Dance judges - bring a tape measure for checking dimensions of props used as bases.

Don't Overstep Your Authority

Tech judges have **one** job: evaluate routines for compliance with NFHS and IHSAA rules. Do not consider what you may have seen a team do at previous competitions. **Note:** If you feel that some aspect of a routine is not "appropriate" but it doesn't actually violate a rule, let the routine judges or tournament manager take care of it.

If you attend a competition in a capacity <u>other</u> than as a technical judge, remember that you are not judging that day! Let the hired judges do their job and stay out of their business unless you are invited to comment.

Judge Ethically

Technical judges must exhibit the highest levels of objectivity, consistency, and integrity. It is critical to remain impartial when judging. It is never OK to judge according to your personal opinion of a rule or of a specific team.

Pre-Competition Preparations

Previewing Routines

<u>Previewing in Advance of a Competition</u> (*There should be NO previewing of routines at the competition*) You may be asked to review technical elements of a routine in advance of a competition.

- 1. Always state that your interpretation is based on the routine/stunt as you saw it <u>executed at that time</u>, the coach must understand that there is NO guarantee that a something interpreted as legal during a preview won't be penalized at a competition if executed illegally.
- 2. For video reviews, return written comments to the coach ASAP. For in-person reviews, make sure that the coach understands your interpretation before leaving the site.
- 3. Notify the appropriate tech coordinator and district rules interpreter of your interpretation and keep a record for yourself. You never know when a coach might say. "X told me this was legal", when you really didn't.
- 4. If you're not <u>completely</u> sure about the legality of a stunt, COLLABORATE! Ask for help from your district rules interpreter, or the IHSAA. You can then respond to the coach.

Preparations at the Competition Site

- 1. Report to the director, pick up all judging materials and locate pertinent tournament areas.
- 2. Find out if a scribe and timer will be provided.
- 3. Survey the competition floor and determine how the areas of coverage will be divided up among judges. (Specific assignments are listed below.)
- 4. Review the procedure for getting score sheets to the tabulators.
- 5. Do not watch full routines prior to the competition.
- 6. Maintain a professional distance from all coaches and participants even your good friends.

Working with Tournament Spotters (Cheer)

The lead judge should ensure that tournament spotters understand their role, are well prepared, properly dressed and have removed their jewelry, gum, etc. Tell them it's OK to move dropped signs, poms, etc. out of the way. Reminder: Don't be influenced by spotters' opinions of legality except in general terms.

The Judging Process – Overview and Mechanics

How Many Judges?

All areas of the floor must be visible to at least one technical judge at all times. CHEER: Three judges are best unless all teams are small (under 12); in that case, two judges are ok. DANCE: Two judges are generally sufficient.

Judging Assignments and Positions

CHEER

- A <u>lead judge</u> should be the most experienced judge. They will be positioned in the front and work
 with the scribe to verify and sign all technical score sheets. For every penalty assessed, both the
 rule reference and a brief, but clear, explanation must be given. The lead judge will also keep a
 record of violations on a penalty summary sheet so that questions from coaches whose teams
 receive penalties can be addressed.
- 2. <u>Assistant judges</u> will be positioned on either side of the floor. One should be on the back corner and one can be on the opposite side more towards the front.
- 3. Determine which group each judge will watch when there are multiple stunts occurring at the same time. Be sure to shift positions as formations change and be ready to take over for a colleague if they are distracted or called away from their assigned area.

DANCE

1. Most dance routines can be judged from the front. The lead and assistant judge can be positioned either in the lower stands (*if isolated from spectators*) or on the floor.

Judge the Routine Only

Technical judging should occur only during a routine, <u>except for violations of sportsmanship rules</u> <u>during entrances or exits</u>. If illegal stunts, tumbling, division rules, etc. occur prior to or following the performance, note it on the score sheet (without a deduction).

Concentration & Focus

Stay focused on the technical aspects of a routine. Do not allow outside factors to interfere with your concentration. Losing concentration or looking away for even a moment can mean a missed violation.

<u>CHEER</u> Your primary focus should be on releases, pyramids, and inversions as this is when many violations occur. Concentrate on the bases and spotters' upper bodies, arms & hands, bracer's arms and hands and top persons' lower bodies and torsos. But non-building segments also require attention. Be sure someone is assigned to watch tumblers & floor "workers" during stunt segments. Illegal tumbling is easy to miss if all judges concentrate on stunting.

<u>DANCE</u> Concentrate on the middle to lower half of the performers' bodies. Although dance routines don't always include partner stunts or pyramids, you must still know how to evaluate them — especially with the stunting restrictions imposed on dance. If stunting occurs, focus on the middle — e.g., bases' and spotters' upper bodies and hands and the top persons' lower bodies and torsos.

Anticipating

Learn to look for clues as to what a team might do next. Train your eye to recognize when they're setting up for specific stunts/lifts and check for the required number of participants and the position for each role of the pyramid or stunt/lift. Always be ready for the unexpected. Looking away at the wrong time can result in a missed violation.

Professional Behavior During Competition

- 1. <u>Conferencing after routines</u>: Judges' conferences to discuss possible violations should occur *only when necessary not after every routine*. Conferences should be brief and near the head judge's location if possible not within the boundaries of the performing area. Be sure that coaches, athletes or fans cannot hear your conversation.
- 2. <u>Flexibility</u>: Work collaboratively with tournament management and personnel. Physical limitations of a competition venue may require flexibility in judges' locations and assignments.
- 3. <u>Contact with non-tournament personnel</u>: Do not visit with non-tournament personnel while the competition is in progress or allow a friend or family member to hang out at your judging area.
- 4. <u>Contact with coaches</u>: All contact between judges and coaches should go through the tournament manager and occur <u>only</u> during breaks or after the competition. Do not initiate conversation with coaches about their penalties until the competition is over, if at all.
- 5. <u>Confidentiality</u>: Do not discuss specific penalties with anyone other than the coach involved, other judges or tournament management.

Communication

Communication during the competition is critical. If any penalties (other than minor infractions) are assessed by the lead judge, make sure other judges are aware of them before tech sheets are sent to the tabulators. The lead judge must also be in contact with the scribe, others helping with the technical aspects of judging, competition director, announcer and the tournament spotters.

Record Keeping

The lead judge is responsible for recording violations, but all judges should keep track of them. Make a quick note between routines. The lead judge will keep a copy of the penalty summary sheet and send a copy to the IHSAA office so violations can be tracked.

After the Competition - Follow up

- 1. Turn in all non-personal materials to the competition director.
- 2. One judge should be available to answer questions from coaches if asked by tournament manager.
- 3. Maintain confidentiality! Discuss specific violations and penalties only with the coach involved, other judges or tournament management, not with other coaches, participants or parents.
- 4. Lead judge will send a copy of the penalty summary sheet to the IHSAA office after the competition.

Assessing and Recording Penalties

Accuracy: Be Sure and Be Specific

A cardinal rule of technical judging is this: <u>Do not give a penalty if you are not **100**% sure a violation occurred</u>. If you think you <u>might</u> have seen a violation, but the other judge(s) either didn't see it or don't agree it was illegal, **give the benefit of the doubt to the performers. Note:** Video playback is a valuable tool but should be used only when necessary.

Be very specific when citing a rule on a tech score sheet and on the penalty summary sheet. Always cite the rule, section, article and letter, if applicable. *Example: Inversion at prep level with only one person in a position to protect head/neck. Cite 3-3-6c-1 or 4-3-6c-1. Citing just 3-3-6 or 4-3-6 doesn't provide enough clarity to the coach or to the IHSAA.*

Note: Use the language of the rule book to list deductions on the tech score sheet AND the penalty summary sheet. If using a scribe, double check each score sheet.

Multiple Violations of Same Stunt

When there are multiple violations of the same stunt or skill during a routine, penalties can add up quickly if points are deducted every time.

Our procedure is:

- 1. If different groups illegally execute a stunt at the same time, give <u>one</u> penalty for the stunt as a whole.
- 2. If the same violation occurs multiple times during a routine, give the penalty no more than twice.

Major vs. Minor NFHS Violations

CHEER

Major: Rules 3-2 through 3-8; 3-10

Higher risk such as Illegal stunts, pyramids, tosses, releases, tumbling, use of props

Minor: Rules 2-1, 2-2, 3-1, 3-9

Lower risk such as jewelry, fingernails, hair, sportsmanship, drops

DANCE

Major: Rules 4-2 through 4-8; 4-10, 11, 12

Higher Risk such as Illegal stunts/lifts, tumbling, use of props

Minor: Rules <u>2-1, 2-2, 4-1, 4-9</u>

Lower risk such as jewelry, fingernails, hair, apparel, sportsmanship, drops

Idaho Deductions - Point Values

CHEER

Penalties are assessed by technical judges and deducted by tabulators from the total combined scores.

NFHS

 Major Violations 	6 pts. show; 3 pts. sideline/pom/stunt group – each violation
2. Minor Violations	2 pts. show; 1 pts. sideline/pom/stunt group – each violation

IDAHO

DAIIO	
1. Division Criteria	4 pts. show; 2 pts. sideline/pom/stunt group – each violation
2. Dress Code Violation	2 pts. show; 1 pt. sideline/pom/stunt group – each occurrence
3. Routine Timing	2 pts. show; 1 pt. sideline/pom/stunt group – each 5 sec. (5 sec. grace)
4. Out of Bounds	2 pts. show; 1 pt. sideline/pom/stunt group – each occurrence
5. Repeated intentional	Disqualification
violation of NFHS or	This applies to teams who were previously penalized for a specific
IHSAA rules.	violation and notified in writing that another violation of the same rule
	at future competition will result in DQ.

DANCE

Penalties are assessed by technical judges and deducted by tabulators from each routine judge's raw score before assigning ordinal points.

NFHS

 Major Violations 	2 pts. per judge – each violation
2. Minor Violations	1 pt. per judge – each violation

IDAHO

1. Timing	.5 pt. per judge each 5 sec. (or fraction of) over/under (5 sec grace)
2. Division Criteria	2 pts. per judge – each violation
3. Drop Prop/Accessory	.5 pt. per judge each drop
4. ID Dress Standard	.5 pt. per judge total
5. Repeated intentional	Disqualification
violation of NFHS or	Disqualification applies to teams who were previously penalized for a
IHSAA rules.	violation and notified in writing that another violation of the same rule
	at future competition will result in DQ.
6. More than 9 in Sm Dance	Disqualification



CHEER TECHNICAL SCORE SHEET

(Tech Judge Sample)

School	<u> West Charter</u>		Classification	6A	5A 4	A 3A
Division/Catego	ory <u>SHOW</u>		Competition _			
MAJOR NFHS V	TOLATIONS	Rules 3-2 through 3-8, 3-1	0]	
Penalty: 6 pt	ts. Show	3 pts. Sideline / Pom / St	unt Group			<u>Deduction</u>
Rule_ <u>3-8-9</u> pg.		connected back flips				<u>6</u>
Rule_ <u>3-10-1a</u> p	g. <u>32</u> v_ <i>top</i>	person released sign/prop w	ithout giving it to per	son on g	ground firs	<u>6</u>
MINOR NFHS V	IOLATIONS	Rules 2-1, 2-2; 3-1, 3-9				
Penalty: 2 p	ts. Show	1 pt. Sideline / Pom / Stu	nt Group			<u>Deduction</u>
Rule <u>3-9-2</u> 1	og. <u>32</u> v_	airborne front drop to	push up			<u>2</u>
Rulep	og v					
IDAHO RULES						
Penalty: 4 pt	ts. Show	<u>2 pts.</u> Sideline / Pom/ Stu	nt Group			<u>Deduction</u>
Violation <u>26</u>	team members	on floor				<u>4</u>
Violation						
DRESS CODE						
Penalty: 2 pa	ts. Show	1 pt. Sideline/Pom/ Stun	t Group			<u>Deduction</u>
Violation						
TIMING	Routine 7	Г ime _2:38	Music Time <i>ok</i>	<u></u>	<u>Tim</u>	ing Deduction
Penalty: 2 pts. Si	how <u>1 pt.</u> Side	eline/Pom/Stunt Penalize				<u>4</u>
OUT OF BOUNDS	S Num	ber of OB <u>1</u>	5 sec. grace period for	гоиппе т	iming)	OB Deduction
Penalty: 2 pts. S	Show <u>1 pt.</u> S	ideline/Pom/Stunt	Penalize each occurre	ence		2
Comments:						
			TOTA <u>Tabulators: deductors</u> <u>raw score before de</u>	t penalti		<u>tal</u> 22
		Jude	e Signature			



DANCE TECHNICAL SCORE SHEET

(Sample)

School <u>Smallville</u>	Classification 6A 5A 4A
Division/Category	CE Competition
	Rules 4-2 through 4-8; 4-10, 4-11, 4-12
Penalty: 2 pts. per judge (per occurrence) <u>Deduction</u>
Rule <u>4-7-6</u> pg. <u>44</u>	v twist to cradle 2.0
Rule pg	
MINOR NFHS VIOLATIONS	
Penalty: 1 pt. per judge (p	er occurrence) <u>Deduction</u>
Rule <u>4-1-3b</u> pg. <u>33</u>	v round-off back flip in lyrical sandals1.0
Rule pg	v
Timing Division Criteria Dropped Prop/Accessory	Routine Time1:54 Entrance/Exit:30 ID Deduction Penalty - 0.5 pt. per judge/ea 5 sec. (or fraction of) under/over
Dress Standard	Penalty – 0.5 pt. per judge (total)
Comments:	TOTAL PENALTIES <u>Tabulators: Deduct penalties from each judge's raw score before determining ordinal points.</u> 4.0
	Judge Signature_

Idaho Cheer/Dance Penalty Summary Sheet EXAMPLE

Note:. There must be an accurate account of all deductions in the event of a coach's inquiry. Complete this form as penalties are assessed. Describe violations using the language of the rules book! **Lead Judge:** Keep a copy - send an electronic copy to IHSAA and State Spirit Rules Interpreter

Competition	Date
Lead Judge	Other Judges

Division / School	Description of Violation	Rule	Pts. Ded	
CHEER				
Show –AG / West Charter	Connected Back Flips	3-8-9	6	
Show - AG / West Charter	26 Team members on floor	ID	4	
Show - AG / West Charter	Airborne knee drop	3-9-2	2	
Show – AG / West Charter	Top person release sign	3-10-1a	6	
Show – AG / West Charter	Routine overtime 8 seconds	ID	4	
Show – AG / West Charter	Out of Bounds	ID	2	
Show – Coed / Gotham	Tumble on sign	3-10-1a	6	
Pom / Bedrock Airborne tumbling (back tucks)		ID	2	
DANCE				
Hip Hop / Springfield	Connected back flips	4-8-9	2	
Military / Forks	Headstand – did not use hands for support	4-8-8	2	
rop / Smallville Routine undertime – 6 seconds		ID	1	
Prop / Smallville	Round off, back flip – lyrical sandals	4-1-3 b-2	1	
Prop / Smallville	3 dropped props – 1 cane, 2 hats	ID	1.5	

TECHNICAL HIGHLIGHTS of the 2024-25 NFHS RULES

*All changes/updates to rules are underlined and highlighted in yellow.

RULE 2 – GENERAL RISK MANAGEMENT

RULE 2 applies to both **CHEER AND DANCE** technical judging and is for information only. **Do not use this document to cite violations.** Official rules are in the current NFHS Spirit Rules Book.

SECTION 1 GENERAL RISK MANAGEMENT

- 2-1-4 FINGERNAILS near the end of the fingers
- 2-1-5 HAIR-CONTROL devices, accessories and other adornments: Securely fastened, appropriate for activity, safe.

 Judging Note: Read through the Situations A, B and C on page 13 for this rule. (Especially for DANCE teams!)

 Hair must be worn in a manner that does not interfere with the safe execution of stunting or tumbling.

 Long hair that is not secured or that restricts vision presents significant risk during stunting skills/lifts and tumbling. If a team is not touching each other or doing any of the aforementioned skills, their hair can be down.
- **2-1-7** PERFORMING SURFACES: Updated Situation to this rule
 - a. The performing surface must be reasonably free from objects and impediments.
 - b. Stunts and tumbling must be modified in relation to other performers as well as area/surface.
- 2-1-11 -SUPPORTS/BRACES:
 - a. Soft, nonabrasive and/or non-hardening supports, braces, soft casts, etc., that are unaltered from the manufacturer's original design/production do not require additional padding.
 - b. Hard and unyielding items (guards, casts, braces, etc.) on the hand, wrist, forearm, elbow or upper arm must be padded (see specifics in the rules book).
 - c. A participant wearing a lower body plaster cast or a walking boot must not be involved in partner stunts, pyramids, tosses, jumps, or tumbling.
- 2-1-19 ACCOMMODATIONS FOR DISABILITIES AND SPECIAL NEEDS
- 2-1-20 AMERICAN FLAG/MEMORIAL PATCHES ON UNIFORMS
- 2-1-21 RELIGIOUS HEAD COVERINGS OR WRAPS

SECTION 2 SPORTSMANSHIP

- 2-2-1 PARTICIPANT/ BEHAVIOR
 - a. Use of profanity is an example of behavior that would constitute a minor penalty.
 - b. Egregious disregard for sportsmanship would constitute a major penalty.

Judging Note: Report such behavior to tournament manager, district rules interpreter and IHSAA.

RULE 3 – CHEERLEADING RISK MANAGEMENT

RULE 3 review contains NFHS rules that pertain to **CHEER** technical judging and is for information only. Do not cite rule violations directly from this document. Official rules are in the current Spirit Rules Book.

Rule 3 CHEER

Sec 1	Apparel/Accessories	Sec 5	Release Stunts/Tosses	Sec 9	Drops
Sec 2	Stunting Personnel	Sec 6	Suspended Stunts	Sec 10	Props
Sec 3	Inversions	Sec 7	Dismounts		

Sec 4 Non-release Stunts Sec 8 Tumbling

SECTION 1 CHEER APPAREL/ACESSORIES

3-1-1 – JEWELRY also includes rhinestones or sequins glued to the face, body piercing objects (including dermal piercings) and spacers, i.e., plastic, fishing line, etc. Exceptions: Uniforms with rhinestones applied by the mfg. and small rhinestones on hair bows are OK.

Judging Notes:

- * Below-skin anchors for dermal piercings are OK. Gauges in earholes are not OK. (ok to tape over holes)
- * Daith piercings for migraines can be worn **only** if participant provides written authorization from a doctor Permission from the IHSAA is also required. If questions, tournament mgr. should contact Julie at IHSAA.
- * Hair ties on wrists are illegal.
- **3-1-2** –APPAREL, ACCESSORIES, FOOTWEAR shall be appropriate for the activity in which they are being worn. The rule specifically requires athletic shoes for cheerleaders. *Judging Note:* Read situations! Lots of options to consider.
- **3-1-3** Participant in full HEAD AND BODY COSTUME (or bulky, loose costume minus the head) must not stunt or tumble, except for a forward roll or a cartwheel.
- **3-1-4** –MIDRIFF *Judging Note:* Also cite Idaho Rules when judging this.
- **3-1-5** –GLITTER rule restricts only glitter that does not readily adhere generally meaning loose glitter that is sprinkled into the hair, uniform or applied over petroleum jelly. *Judging Note:* Many products securely bond glitter make-up to the skin. Glitter residue or small flakes that randomly come off is OK.

SECTION 2 STUNTING PERSONNEL

- **3-2-1** BASES MUST NOT: *Judging Note:* Read the exception in b.
- 3-2-2 BASES FOR EXTENDED STUNTS: Judging Note: Moving the stunt is OK
- **3-2-5** SPOTTERS LOCATION: *Judging Note:* Generally, the proper spotting location is behind or to the side of the top person. See situations for 3.2.5 for guidance. If spotter is not required, spotting rules do not apply.
- 3-2-6 SPOTTERS MUST NOT:
 - *Grasp the bottom of the top person's foot. **Judging Note:** If a small portion of spotter's hand is under the heel, don't give a penalty.
 - *Be positioned so his/her torso is completely under a stunt **Judging Note:** This penalty is rarely given. Watch angle of arms to help determine legality.
- **3-2-7** SPOTTER REQUIRED FOR EXTENDED STUNTS:

Judging Note: Judges should know the **exceptions** in this rule. See the rules book!

- **3-2-8** SPOTTERS FOR SINGLE BASE: **Judging Note:** In a single base stunt, if the spotter's hands are under top's foot or base's hand, it becomes a legal double-base stunt. If they cradle from that double-base stunt, a spotter is needed.
- **3-2-10** PARTICIPANTS OVER OR UNDER A STUNT: Judging Note: New exception to this rule for cheer teams which matches dance rules.

SECTION 3 INVERSIONS

- **Judging Note:** It is important to understand this section as described in the rules book. The rules that are highlighted here are the ones that can be confusing if you don't take the time to **study** the rule. Others that are **not** highlighted here are simple and can be understood from reading the rules book.
- **3-3-3** BRACED INVERSIONS THAT DO NOT FLIP OR ROLL: *Judging Note*: Know the criteria if released
- 3-3-4 BRACED ROLLS IN A PYRAMID: Judging Note: Know the definition/differences between a roll and a flip
- 3-3-5 BRACED FLIPS IN A PYRAMID: One minor update to 3-3-5 d. NEW Situation B language.
- 3-3-6 ALL OTHER INVERSIONS: One minor update to 3-3-6 c3.
 - **Judging Note**: This rule encompasses many other inversion scenarios. In includes what the inversion can release to, what they can look like when the base of support is below prep level (remember contact does not have to be upper body), and what they look like when the inversion passes through prep level (Remember the **Foldover** exception in this part.) READ THE SITUATIONS to help you understand this rule!
- 3-3-7 INVERTED TOP PERSON HOLDING PROPS
- 3-3-8 –SWING ROLL DOWN is not permitted. (aka Teddy Bear roll)

SECTION 4 NON-RELEASE STUNTS

- 3-4-1 BRACERS HOLD WHEN STUNT IS EXTENDED
- 3-4-2 TOP PERSON VERTICAL TO HORIZONTAL
- 3-4-3 HANGING STUNT
- **3-4-6 & 7** SINGLE BASE WITH EXTENDED TOP PERSONS: **Judging Note:** An exception is double cupies/awesomes. If cradled, there must be three catchers for each top person. Must be on appropriate surface.

SECTION 5 RELEASE STUNTS / TOSSES

- 3-5-2 RELEASE STUNTS AND TOSSES: Know the six basic items in this rule to be legal.
- **3-5-3** TOSSES: Know the five basic items in this rule to be legal.
- 3-5-4 TOSS CAUGHT NON-INVERTED STUNT
- 3-5-5 BRACED RELEASE TRANSITIONS: Now separated from non-braced release transitions for clarity. NEW Situation language. Judging Note: Know all of the conditions to be met in this rule.
- 3-5-6 NON-BRACED RELEASE TRANSITIONS: Now separated from braced release transitions for clarity and new language added. NEW Situation language. Judging Note: Know all of the conditions to be met in this rule.
- 3-5-7 HELICOPTERS
- 3-5-8 TOE/LEG PITCH
- 3-5-9 QUICK TOSSES

SECTION 6 SUSPENDED STUNTS

- 3-6-1 NON-BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS THAT START AT AND REMAIN BELOW PREP LEVEL
- 3-6-2 NON-BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS THAT START AT OR PASS THROUGH PREP LEVEL OR ABOVE
- 3-6-3 BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS
- 3-6-4 TOP IN BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS RELEASED BY BASES
- 3-6-5 SWINGING STUNTS
- **3-6-6** –TOP PERSON CANNOT BE SUSPENDED IN A FACE-DOWN POSITION BETWEEN BASES (a.k.a. Mission Impossible position)

SECTION 7 DISMOUNTS

- 3-7-2 DISMOUNTS TO THE FLOOR FROM PREP LEVEL OR ABOVE: Update to the rule. NEW Situation A language explains the changes to this rule.
- 3-7-3— ALL DISMOUNTS TO CRADLE (Visual contact & No sharp/hard props held by top person)
- 3-7-4 CRADLE DISMOUNTS FROM MULTI-BASE STUNTS
- **3-7-5** CRADLE DISMOUNTS FROM SINGLE BASE STUNTS TO SINGLE BASE CRADLES *Judging Note:* Chair stunt does not require additional spotter/catcher.
- 3-7-6 SKILLS (TOE TOUCH, TWIST, ETC.) TO CRADLE Judging Note: No skill allowed if going to separate catchers
- 3-7-7 TWISTS TO CRADLE
- 3-7-8- CRADLE DISMOUNTS TO NEW CATCHERS

SECTION 8 TUMBLING

- 3-8-1 TUMBLING OR REBOUNDING OVER OR UNDER A STUNT, PERSON, OR PROP
- **3-8-2** <u>TUMBLING WHILE HOLDING PROPS</u>: <u>Update to the rule.</u> **Judging Note:** Any soft props can be held in hand not used for tumbling support.
- 3-8-8 HEADSTANDS, HEADSPINS AND HEADSPRINGS
- 3-8-9 AIRBORNE SKILLS WITH HIP-OVER-HEAD ROTATION

SECTION 9 DROPS

- 3-9-1 DROPS MUST BE CONTROLLED
- 3-9-2 AIRBORNE DROPS TO A PUSH UP POSITION (one exception)
- 3-9-3 FALLING DIRECTLY TO BACK OR STOMACH
- 3-9-4 FLIP TO ANY DROP IS NOT PERMITTED Judging Note: Taking weight on foot/feet is OK

provide clarity on the use of props.

Several items have been moved from other rules to this one to align prop rules and

- 3-10-1 PROPS WITH HARD MATERIALS AND SHARP CORNERS: Update to the rule.
- 3-10-2 TOP PERSON CAN'T HOLD A FLAG ON A POLE: New Situation.
- 3-10-3 STEPPING ON A PROP: Update to the rule. Judging Note: There has been a relaxing of this rule.
- 3-10-4 USING A PROP AS A BASE: Combined former prop as base rules.
- 3-10-5 HANDS-FREE POMS ARE ALLOWED: New Situation.
- 3-10-6 GLITTER MUST BE LAMINATED OR SEALED ON SIGNS OR PROPS

RULE 4 – DANCE/DRILL/POM RISK MANAGEMENT

This **RULE 4** review includes NFHS rules for **DANCE** technical judging and is for information only. For a complete list of rules and/or the precise wording of a specific rule, refer to the current NFHS Spirit Rules Book. **Don't cite rule violations directly from this document. Don't cite Rule 3 for any dance violation.**

Rule 4 DANCE

Sec 1	Apparel/Accessories	Sec 5	Release Stunts/Lifts	Sec 9	Drops
Sec 2	Stunt/Lift Personnel	Sec 6	Suspended Stunts/Lifts	Sec 10	Props
Sec 3	Inversions	Sec 7	Dismounts Stunts/Lifts	Sec 11	Spotting while on Props
Sec 4	Non-release Stunts/Lifts	Sec 8	Tumbling	Sec 12	Dismounts from Props

SECTION 1 DANCE APPAREL / ACESSORIES

4-1-1 - "HARD" JEWELRY NOT PERMITTED UNLESS SECURELY AFFIXED TO COSTUME OR HAIR

Judging Notes: Read the situations and rulings to learn about different ideas for interpreting this rule. Daith piercings for migraines are not permitted in Idaho without written authorization from a doctor. Permission from the IHSAA is also required. If questions, tournament mgr should contact Julie at IHSAA.

4-1-2-APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES MUST BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE ACTIVITY INVOLVED

Judging Notes: Gloves worn during extended stunts or tumbling skills in which weight is borne on the hands must have non-slip material/substance on the palms and palm-side fingers. Masks & hoods are OK during low level tumbling and non-extended stunts only if the mask/hood fits securely and snugly. Eye openings must not restrict vision. Length of Skirt/flowing costume needs to be calf length or shorter (and/or tucked away) to not interfere with the safe execution of a stunt/lift or tumbling. (Ex: If it is hanging down during a simple stunt like a T-lift, it can be legal. A flatback would NOT be legal if not tucked away) At any time, if the skirt interferes and was obvious that safety was compromised due to the costume, give a penalty.

4-1-3 - FOOTWEAR: Updates to this rule.

4-1-4 – GLITTER

Judging Notes: Glitter chips sprinkled on petroleum jelly is illegal. Glitter-infused eye shadows & face color should be OK. Many products that securely bond glitter to the skin is OK.

SECTION 2 STUNT/LIFT PERSONNEL

- **4-2-1** BASES MUST NOT: **Judging Note:** Read the rule and know the exception written into this rule.
- 4-2-2 BASES FOR EXTENDED STUNTS: Judging Note: Moving the stunt/lift is OK
- **4-2-5** –SPOTTERS LOCATION: *Judging Note:* Generally, the proper spotting location is behind or to the side of the top person. See situation 3.2.5 for guidance. If spotter is not required, spotting rules do not apply.
- 4-2-6 SPOTTERS MUST NOT:
 - *Grasp the bottom of the top person's foot. **Judging Note:** If a small portion of spotter's hand is under the heel, don't give a penalty.
 - *Be positioned so his/her torso is completely under a stunt **Judging Note:** This penalty is rarely given. Watch angle of arms to help determine legality.
- 4-2-7 SPOTTER REQUIRED FOR EXTENDED STUNTS AND LIFTS:
 - Judging Note: Judges should know the exceptions in this rule. See rules book!
- **4-2-8** SPOTTERS FOR SINGLE BASE: **Judging Note:** In a single base stunt, if the spotter's hands are under top's foot or base's hand, it becomes a legal double-base stunt. If they cradle from that double-base stunt, a spotter is needed.
- **4-2-9** <u>STUNTS/LIFTS LIMITED TO TWO LEVELS HIGH</u>: <u>This rule was moved here from another section of the rule book.</u>

SECTION 3 INVERSIONS

- 4-3-3 -BRACED INVERSIONS THAT DO NOT FLIP OR ROLL
- 4-3-4 -BRACED ROLLS IN A PYRAMID
- 4-3-5 BRACED FLIPS ARE NOT PERMITTED IN DANCE.
- 4-3-6 ALL OTHER INVERSIONS

Judging Note: This rule encompasses many other inversion scenarios. In includes what the inversion can release to, what they can look like when the base of support is below prep level (remember contact does not have to be upper body), and what they look like when the inversion passes through prep level (Remember the **Foldover** exception in this part.)

- 4-3-7 INVERTED TOP PERSON HOLDING PROPS
- 4-3-8 SWING ROLL DOWN IS NOT PERMITTED (AKA Teddy Bear Roll)

SECTION 4 NON-RELEASE STUNTS/LIFTS

- **4-4-1** EXTENDED STUNTS: Stunts/lifts in which base(s) support(s) an extended top person under the foot/feet <u>and stops</u> in an extended position are not permitted in Dance.
- 4-4-2 OVER/UNDER A STUNT RESTRICTION
- 4-4-3 VERTICAL TO HORIZONTAL: Updates to this rule. NEW Situation language.
- **4-4-4** NO JUMPING UNASSISTED ONTO BACK **Judging Note:** Includes base being on hands & knees, in a prone or in a nugget position.
- 4-4-5 ROLL DOWN FROM SIDE T-LIFT
- 4-4-6 SINGLE-BASE STUNTS/LIFTS SUPPORTED UNDER LEGS NOT PERMITTED
- 4-4-7 HANGING PYRAMID

SECTION 5 RELEASE STUNTS/LIFTS

- **4-5-2** RELEASE STUNTS NOT PERMITTED IN DANCE/DRILL: Updates to this rule for clarification. **Judging Note:** Exception: Helicopters and log rolls
- 4-5-3 HELICOPTERS
- 4-5-4 LOG ROLLS
- 4-5-5 TOE/LEG PITCH to a jump or tumbling skill is illegal.
- **4-5-6** QUICK TOSSES are permitted.

SECTION 6 SUSPENDED STUNTS/LIFTS

- 4-6-1 NON-BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS THAT START AND REMAIN BELOW PREP LEVEL
- 4-6-2 NON-BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS THAT START AT OR PASS THROUGH PREP LEVEL OR ABOVE
- 4-6-3 BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS
- 4-6-4 TOP PERSON IN BRACED SUSPENDED SPLITS must not be released by bases in Dance.
- 4-6-5 SWINGING STUNT
- 4-6-6 TOP PERSON CANNOT BE SUSPENDED FACE-DOWN between bases with her torso below her arms and legs.

SECTION 7 DISMOUNTS

4-7-2 – DISMOUNTS TO THE FLOOR FROM PREP LEVEL OR ABOVE: Updates to this rule. New Situation added.

- 4-7-3 ALL DISMOUNTS TO CRADLE
- 4-7-4/5 CRADLE MULTI-BASE STUNTS & CRADLE SINGLE BASE STUNTS
- 4-7-6 SKILLS (TWIST, TOE TOUCH, ETC.) to a cradle are not permitted in Dance.
- 4-7-7 TWIST TO PERFORMING SURFACE: No more than 11/4 rotations.
- 4-7-8 CRADLE DISMOUNTS TO NEW CATCHERS
- **4-7-9** BRACED DISMOUNTS TO CRADLE: **Judging Note:** This rule refers to dismounts in which bracers maintain contact with the top person <u>after</u> bases have released a top person to the cradle.

SECTION 8 TUMBLING

- **4-8-1** TUMBLING OR REBOUNDING OVER OR UNDER A STUNT, PERSON, OR PROP *Judging Note*: *Non-aerial tumbling on a person is OK.*
- 4-8-2 TUMBLING WHILE HOLDING PROPS
- 4-8-3 DIVE ROLLS are illegal. Judging Note: Does not apply low level airborne front rolls which are now allowed.
- 4-8-8 HEADSTANDS, HEADSPINS AND HEADSPRINGS
- 4-8-9 AIRBORNE SKILLS WITH HIP-OVER-HEAD ROTATION

SECTION 9 DROPS

- 4-9-1 DROPS MUST BE CONTROLLED
- 4-9-2 AIRBORNE DROPS TO A PUSH UP POSITION (one exception)
- 4-9-3 FALLING DIRECTLY TO BACK OR STOMACH
- 4-9-4 FLIP TO ANY DROP IS NOT PERMITTED Judging Note: Taking weight on foot/feet is OK

SECTION 10 PROPS

4-10-1, 2 - HEIGHT LIMITATIONS

Judging Note: Exception: It's OK for a participant to hang from a prop higher than 5' by the hands (think monkey bars) with feet closer to the floor than her center of gravity.

Judging Note: It's OK for top person to use a hand prop.

- 4-10-3 INVERTED POSITIONS ON A PROP
- 4-10-4 TUMBLING ONTO, OVER OR UNDER A PROP IS ILLEGAL (two exceptions)
- 4-10-5 MAINTAINING CONTACT WITH PROP
- 4-10-6 STUNTS/LIFTS ON A PROP ARE ILLEGAL (one exception)
- 4-10-7 DROPPING HEAD BACK when on a prop
- 4-10-8 PROP HELD BY BASES with a top person on prop
- 4-10-9 DANCING/MOVING FEET ON A STATIONARY PROP
- 4-10-10 MOVING PROP WITH WHEELS, ROUNDED SURFACES OR FLAT BOTTOM COVERED WITH FABRIC
- 4-10-11, 12 MOVING FROM ONE PROP TO ANOTHER
- 4-10-13 WHEN PROPS ARE STACKED
- 4-10-14 WHEN TRANSITIONING FROM A PROP TO A STUNT/LIFT
- 4-10-15 WHEN PROPS ARE MADE OF HARD MATERIALS OR HAVE SHARP CORNERS: Updates to this rule.
- 4-10-16 TOP PERSON CAN'T HOLD A FLAG ON A POLE

- 4-10-17 STEPPING ON A PROP: Updates to this rule. New Situation added.
- 4-10-18 HANDS FREE POMS ALLOWED
- 4-10-19 GLITTER ON A SIGN, PROP OR BACKDROP

SECTION 11 SPOTTING PARTICIPANTS ON PROPS

4-11-2, 3 – SPOTTER MAY TOUCH, GRASP, OR HELP MOVE A PROP provided that her/his focus remains on the top person (except to briefly check other props and/or performers). **Judging Note**: Know what the spotter must **not** do if they are required.

SECTION 12 DISMOUNTS FROM PROPS

Judging Note: When a top person leaves the surface of a prop while being supported by other participants, it is a transition, not a dismount. See Rule 4-10-14.

- 4-12-1 INVERTED DISMOUNTS ARE PERMITTED: (know the two that are legal)
- 4-12-2, 3 SUSPENDED ROLL DISMOUNTS FROM PROPS
- 4-12-4, 5 DISMOUNTS TO THE FLOOR FROM PROPS HIGHER THAN 3'

IDAHO CHEER COMPETITION RULES FOR TECH JUDGES

A complete list of IHSAA cheer rules are posted on the IHSAA website, idhsaa.org

New rules and changes are shaded and underlined.

DIVISIONS OF COMPETITION

Show Cheer: Time: 2:30 max.

Required: Routine must contain at least one cheer or chant and a musical segment of at least 45 seconds, but not

greater than 2:00.

Permitted: Partner stunts, pyramids, tosses, tumbling, jumps, dance, poms, megaphones, signs and banners.

Sideline Cheer: Time: 1:00 max.

Required: Routine must include at least one continuous two-jump series performed by the entire team in unison.

<u>Permitted</u>: Traditional cheer props (poms, signs, flags, banners and megaphones), standing tumbling (limited to single skill at a time), stunts that are prep level or below, and multi base extended stunts (limited to extensions, liberty hitches and basic liberties without any variations as listed in the NFHS rules book definition).

Not Permitted: Music, running tumbling, basket tosses, inversions, twisting or spinning dismounts or load-ins, load-ins that are airborne (i.e. toss to hands, toss to stunt); cradle dismounts, pyramids of three or more braced stunt groups, extended partner stunts, cheer boxes, non-traditional or theatrical type props including 3-dimensional signs. Judging Note: 1. Running tumbling is considered to be 3 steps or more; 2. Check General Competition Rules for prop material restrictions.

Pom: Time: 1:00 max.

<u>Required</u>: Music is required for the entire routine. Poms must be used throughout a majority of the routine and by a majority of the team members.

Permitted: Vocals, jumps, kicks, leaps, turns, and non-airborne tumbling.

Not Permitted: Airborne tumbling, stunts, pyramids, tosses, other props of any type.

Stunt Group: Time: 1:00 max. (Specialty Division – offered only at invitational competitions)

Required: Music is required for the entire routine.

Not Permitted: Tumbling, jumps, chants, megaphones, poms, signs, banners.

TEAM CATEGORIES

Team Sizes

- 1. Show, Sideline, Pom: Max of 24 team members (including mascots) on the floor.
- 2. Stunt Group: Max of 5 on the floor.

Coed Divisions

- 1. <u>Show</u>: Teams with one boy may choose to compete in either coed or all-girl. Teams with two or more boys must compete in coed division.
- 2. Stunt Group: Coed stunt groups must include at least one boy and one girl.
- 3. Sideline, Pom: Coed teams and all-girl teams compete together.

GENERAL CHEER COMPETITION RULES

Prop Materials

Props (poms, megaphones, signs, banners, etc.) must not contain glass, have an outside power source or have lights.

Matting

All sites must provide an appropriately matted (at least 40'x40') competition area.

Timing

Routine Timing starts with the first beat of the music or when performance begins. Timing ends with the last beat of the music or when a final position is hit if music has already stopped

<u>Grace Periods:</u> A 5 second grace period for routine timing is allowed. **Judging Note:** If a routine is overtime by more than 5 seconds, the deduction is applied to the entire overtime, not just starting at the :06 mark.

Out of Bounds

Stepping/tumbling off the mat during performance is illegal (meaning: any part of body actually touching the floor beyond the mat). Placing props or gently tossing props off the mat during performance is OK provided the performer does not go off the mat to do so.

Scoring / Score Sheets

All Idaho competitions must use adjusted total points (raw scores with penalties deducted) to determine the winners of each division. Ties will be broken using judge preference. Current IHSAA score sheets must be used.

Technical Judging

All Idaho competitions must provide Idaho-certified technical judges who have no other responsibilities. Three technical judges are required; Exception: If all teams have 12 or fewer members, two technical judges may be used.

- 1. Violation of NFHS and IHSAA rules will result in technical deductions from that routine's score.
- 2. Repeated intentional violations of NFHS safety rules or IHSAA rules of competition will result in disqualification of that routine. (IHSAA and tournament manager will determine disqualification status)

Dress Standard

Cheerleaders must wear uniforms that are appropriate for the high school level.

- 1. When standing at attention, no part of the buttocks, breasts or midriff (front or back) shall be visible.
- 2. Single-shoulder uniform tops are not permitted.

Judging Note: We no longer are worrying about skirts being pulled down unless they actually have buttocks showing. Don't expect compliance while a stunt is in progress. **Also**: Give warnings at early season competitions. **USE COMMON SENSE WHEN JUDGING THIS!**

Disqualification Repeated, intentional violations of NFHS / IHSAA rules will result in disqualification. This rule applies to those teams who were previously penalized for a violation and notified in writing that repeating that violation at future competition will result in DQ. **Judging Note:** IHSAA and tournament manager will handle any DQs

IDAHO DANCE COMPETITION RULES FOR TECH JUDGES

A complete list of IHSAA Dance rules are posted on the IHSAA website, idhsaa.org

New rules and changes are shaded and underlined.

DIVISIONS OF COMPETITION

<u>Dance</u> Time limit: 2-3 minutes. <u>Not permitted</u>: storylines, character development, costume changes, hand props, stage props, backdrops.

<u>Hip Hop</u> Time limit: 2-3 minutes. <u>Required</u>: All aspects of the routine must be appropriate for the high school level. Permitted: hand props. Not permitted: stage props, backdrops

<u>Military</u> Time limit: 2-3 minutes. <u>Required</u>: Costumes must be military style or generic. <u>Not permitted</u>: storylines, character development, costume changes, hand props, stage props, backdrops.

<u>Kick</u> Time limit: 2-3 minutes. <u>Required</u>: Kicks must be performed for at least 75% of routine by all team members. <u>Permitted</u>: hand props <u>Not permitted</u>: stage props or backdrops.

Other Specialty Divisions Can be offered at all invitational competitions.

- 1. Specialty Divisions:
 - a. Must follow all NFHS safety rules and IHSAA competition rules.
 - b. May be offered as "open" classifications
 - c. Time limits: 2-3 minutes (team divisions); 1:30-2:00 (solo division)
 - d. Team Sizes: No set number except in Small Dance (maximum of 9)
- 2. Specialty Divisions for 2024-2025: See Idaho Dance Rules and Regulations for detailed requirements
 - a. Solo Division, Pom, Prop, Small Dance

STAGING DEFINITIONS

Performance Area The area within the boundary lines of the basketball court. (a.k.a. "the floor")

<u>Backdrops</u> Stationary objects located <u>behind</u> performance area; used for visual enhancement only.

Judging Note: Backdrops are not permitted in any <u>required</u> division of competition.

<u>Hand Props</u> Items manipulated on or off the floor for the purpose of routine enhancement.

Costumes are considered hand props if they are <u>removed and manipulated or if they are</u>

manipulated for an extensive portion of the routine.

<u>Kick</u> A rhythmic opening and closing of the leg at a minimum of 45 degrees.

<u>Stage Props</u> Located <u>within</u> the performance area used as bases, visual enhancement, and/or

entrances/exits.

<u>Character Development</u> Creating a specific character where performers act out behaviors of that character within

the choreography. Personality and intent of character will be evident.

Storyline Conveying a specific story thread via message, idea, or event with choreography. The routine

progresses through various stages within the story.

TIMING

- 1. <u>Entrance/Exit Timing Includes set-up and take-down of props as well as getting the team to ready position and also off the floor at the end of the routine.</u>
 - a) Timing starts when the first person/prop enters the floor.
 - b) Timing ends when the last person/prop leaves the performance area.
 - c) Entrance/Exit time All divisions except Prop 1 min. comb. Time; Prop 2 min. comb. time.
- 2. <u>Routine Timing</u> starts with the first beat of the music or when performance begins if music has not started. Timing ends with the last beat of the music or when a final position is hit if music has already stopped. Routine timing does not include entrances/exits (unless exit is part of routine and end pose is not hit)
- 3. <u>Grace Periods:</u> A 5 second grace period for routine timing is allowed. Entrance/Exit timing does not include a grace period. **Judging Note:** If a routine is undertime or overtime by more than 5 seconds, the deduction is applied to the entire overtime, not just starting at :06.

PROP COVERINGS AND INSPECTION

1. All props and shoes must be inspected by tournament personnel. Any prop or shoe that does not meet the following criteria must not be allowed on the floor.

<u>Stage Props</u>: All props that will be pushed on or carried onto the floor must have sufficient protective covering on all surfaces that will *(or could easily)* touch the floor, **including bottoms, corners and edges**. This requirement includes <u>hard</u> wheels on large or heavy props and those that will hold a performer. Soft, non-marking rubber wheels do not require covering.

<u>Hand props</u>: Any hard or sharp edges, ends, or points that will intentionally hit or rest on the floor must have sufficient protective covering.

Judging Note: "Sufficient protective covering" depends on such factors as the size, weight, and intended use of the prop, and whether it is carried on or pushed on around the floor. **Ask!**

<u>Shoes:</u> Must have non-marking soles. *Judging Note:* Watch for hip hop boots that scuff the floor. **Do not** allow shoes/boots with spikes on the floor.

- 2. If an illegal prop is used on the floor, an Idaho "division criteria" penalty will be assessed.
- 3. All props that are stored inside the gym must be at least five feet from the rear boundary (court sideline) of the performance area.

IDAHO DRESS STANDARD

- 1. Bare skin or nude-colored coverings must not be part of the costume from below the armpits in the front, nor from below the waist in the back.
- 2. When a participant is standing at attention, no part of the buttocks, breasts, or midriff (refers to front of torso for both NFHS and Idaho rules) shall be visible.
- 3. Shoes must have non-marking soles. Must comply with NFHS Rule 4-1-3.

APPROPRIATENESS OF CONTENT

Routines shall be appropriate for participation at the high school level <u>as accepted in communities throughout the state of Idaho</u>.

- 1. Music shall not contain inappropriate or vulgar language.
- 2. Choreography shall not contain any movement of a sexual nature.
- 3. Ideas/concepts of routines shall be appropriate for the school environment.
- 4. Plagiarizing choreography or routine concepts/ideas is a violation of the coaches Code of Ethics.

Judging Note: Appropriateness is a general term that encompasses accepted community standards across the state. If in doubt about specific content, refer the matter to Julie at IHSAA.

SCORING

The ordinal (ranking) system of scoring shall be used at Idaho dance competitions.

- 1. Each routine judge's raw scores are ranked (1-2-3, etc.) by tabulators after deducting penalties as listed on the technical score sheets.
- 2. Any penalties assessed by technical judges will be deducted from each routine judge's raw score prior to determination of ordinal scores.
- 3. If an individual routine judge's adjusted scores are tied, tabulators will add and then divide the total of the two ordinal placements both teams will receive the same ordinal rank.
- 4. Ordinal ranks are then added together lowest score wins (3 is lowest possible ordinal score)
- 5. If final ordinal scores are tied, event placement shall be determined by total of combined adjusted raw scores, then, if still tied, total of combined execution scores.

DISQUALIFICATION

Repeated, intentional violations of NFHS or IHSAA rules shall result in disqualification

This rule applies to those teams who were previously penalized for a violation and notified in writing that repeating that violation at future competition will result in DQ. *Judging Note: IHSAA and tournament manager will handle disqualifications.*

Surface Restriction Chart

Stunts, Tosses & Tumbling Skills with Restricted Surfaces

PERMITTED ONLY ON MATS / GRASS / RUBBER TRACKS	RULE	PERMITTED ON ANY APPROPRIATE SURFACE
Partner Stunts Cheer Only A. A single base supports a top person with only one hand. (This stunt is illegal for dance)	3-4-7	Partner Stunts Cheer A. All other partner stunts not specifically limited to mats, grass or rubber tracks.
Tosses Cheer Only Toss: Throwing motion; bases' hands under top's feet; starts below shoulder level. (Tosses are illegal for dance.)	3-5-3	Release Stunts Cheer Release Stunt: Top person becomes free of contact from all personnel on the performing surface.
Cradle Dismounts Cheer Only A. From Tosses (Tosses are illegal for dance.)	3-5-3d 4-7-6	Cradle Dismounts Cheer & Dance A. All cradles that are not from tosses. (Twisting cradles are illegal for dance.)
Tumbling Cheer & Dance A. Airborne twisting tumbling except for round-offs & aerial cartwheels.	3-8-6 4-8-6	Tumbling Cheer & Dance A. Non-airborne tumbling B. Non-twisting airborne tumbling C. Round-offs; aerial cartwheels

Dance - Props as Bases - Height & Dimension Chart

Restrictions for Props Used as Bases in Dance/Drill/Pom (See Rule 3-10 for cheer restrictions.)

Rule	Restriction	Ht / Dim
4-10-1	Dance – Max height for weight-bearing portion of prop.	5'
3-10-4	Cheer - Max height for prop used as bases (i.e., cheer boxes)	3'
4-10-3a	Inverted position OK if one foot is in weight-bearing contact with prop at least 2' x 2'.	2' x 2'
4-10-3b	Inverted position OK if LYING on prop at least 1' wide x no more than 3' high.	1' x 3'
4-10-5	If prop is higher than 3', top person must maintain contact <u>except</u> if the performance area is at least 3' x 3' for each participant.	3' x 3'
4-10-6	Width required for forward roll while on a prop.	1'
4-10-7	Head arching back - OK if on prop at least 2' x 2' or top person grasps a secure portion of the prop	2' x 2'
4-10-8	Height of support surface if prop suspended between two people.	Waist
4-10-9	Top person is dancing or moving feet on stationary prop higher than 3' and less than 1' wide, a spotter is required.	3' x 1'
4-12-4	Dismounts to performing surface from higher than 3' must have assisted landing. No skill from prop higher than 3' without hand-to hand or hand to prop contact.	3'
4-12-5	Cradle dismounts from prop are not permitted from above 3'	3'

*Revised July 2024